

FIRST EDITION.
11.30 P. M.

THIS is the grand day.

CLATSOP county has wheeled in to line.

THE democrats are inclined to say "d-a-l" over the barbecue.

THE weather permitting, we will show what a crowd is to-day.

IF 5,000 people were in town Wednesday 25,000 will be here to-day.

SAY "barbecue" to a democrat if you want to get slapped in the face.

MAYBE the democrats will talk some more about the Garfield-Morey letter.

GRAINGER county can be safely counted for Garfield, Pettibone and Huddleston.

OUT of generosity we will give Taylor Sullivan county. Only this and nothing more.

BOB TAYLOR is on the run, but Pettibone won't let him escape until the evening of the 2nd.

HANCOCK will be retained in Governor's Island, the hospitalities of which place he so gracefully tendered.

THAT was a grand procession here Wednesday night. About 1,000 persons in line, about half of whom were drunk.

AMONG the mottoes in the democratic procession was "Vote the straight ticket." Republicans will take notice of this.

THE opinion is rapidly gaining ground that Hancock will not veto the southern claims bills—nor anything else as far as he is concerned.

THE Springfield Republican, a Hancock paper, says Hancock won't carry New York and Brooklyn by over 55,000. Good-bye, brother democrat.

"A. H. PETTIBONE" will be the name inscribed on the role of the next house of representatives as the member for the first district of Tennessee.

WHEN the democratic party of this section is turned over to the crowd of "trundle-bed trash," who are managing it now, it is time for the sensible members to seek new holes.

THE democrats of Jonesboro have pooled their issues and been offering to bet \$300 on Taylor. A day or two ago they were surprised to see it covered and \$450 more offered on the Michigan.

"HURRAH for Hancock and the white man's party" frequently assailed our ears on the night of the democratic failure. The republican party is the party of the people, be they what color they may.

THE CHINESE LETTER FORGER.

Driven to the Wall and His Guilt Fastened.

He and His Accomplices Squirm Under the Disclosures.

New York, Oct. 28.—The following affidavit in the Philip case was read in court yesterday:

State of New York, city and county of New York, s. s.—George C. Bliss being first duly sworn deposes and says as follows: On or about the 20th of October instant there was published in a daily newspaper printed and published in the city of New York called Truth, what purported to be a copy of a letter written and signed by Hon. James A. Garfield, of Ohio, republican candidate for president of the United States. On the 23d of October instant there was published in said paper, called Truth, what purported to be, and was alleged in said paper, to be a facsimile of such letter, the original of which was in said paper said to be in possession of the Truth, and in said paper on said last mentioned day there appeared an article of which the following is a copy:

"LYING AND STICKING TO IT."

"The republican national committee yesterday held a meeting to consider the best way of appealing the storm of popular indignation that Garfield's infamous Chinese cheap labor letter has aroused. Garfield has denounced the letter as a forgery. He has lied, and the republican national committee stuck to the lie. That was the decision at which they arrived yesterday. In this question of veracity between Garfield's word and Garfield's letter, the people of the United States will know how to decide. They will not be deceived by the persistence of the republican committee. Garfield's own words in Garfield's own writing confirms Garfield's lie. The republican candidate for the presidency, in his desperation, has tried to lie himself out of a difficulty that will swamp him. The republican national committee, while cursing his folly in their hearts, lie for him because his swamping is their utter destruction. Pay no heed, voters, to what is said on the one side or the other. Examine Garfield's letter as it is laid before you to-day and judge for yourselves."

I further state that I have, in connection with others, caused investigation to be made as to the authorship of said forged letter and said article, and as to the use which had been made of the same by publishers and proprietors of said newspaper, and have ascertained that said proprietors and managers have caused to be issued several hundred thousand copies of said paper, containing copies of said forged letter, and a large number of copies of said paper containing said article.

I further state that after a careful investigation as to the authorship of said forged letter and said article, I am led to believe and do believe, and therefore charge that said letter was written and forged by a person named Kenward Philp, one of the editors or writers for said newspaper, and that having forged said letter he wrote and caused to be published in said paper, called Truth, said article referring thereto, which is heretofore quoted.

And I further state, that upon information and belief, that the article so published, reflecting upon the said Garfield, is a false, malicious and wicked libel, and that said article was intended to exert the influence of the said forged and fraudulent letter, which said Philp knew to be so forged and fraudulent. That subsequent to said publication, in said Truth or in some of them, the property of said Truth, as I am informed and believe, entered into some agreement with the democratic national committee or some members thereof, by which it was arranged that large numbers of the said forged letter should be circulated, and to that end, since the knowledge of its denial by the said Garfield, have delivered or entrusted to the said committee the said forged letter for the purpose of having the same copied and photographed or lithographed; that in pursuance thereof the said committee have caused many hundred thousand copies of the said forged letter to be circulated in various forms, both in the English and the German languages.

An affidavit follows by Joseph E. Paine, an expert in handwriting, stating that the Morey letter is not in Garfield's writing, but that it coincides, in some particulars, with that of Philp. He declares that certain manuscripts signed "Kenward Philp" and "K. Philp" submitted to him, and the Morey letter, were written by one and the same person. A. F. Southworth, of Boston, and D. T. Ames of New York, also experts, make corroborative affidavits.

At the trial before Judge Davis to-day in regard to the alleged forged Garfield letter on Chinese labor, the prosecution, demanded the production of the original letter from which a photographic copy was made.

Joseph Hart, one of the proprietors of the paper which printed the original letter, said he had the original letter but declined to produce it at the present time. His counsel said they would produce the original when they deemed the proper time had arrived. The court committed Hart for contempt.

Further hearing of the case was postponed until the commitment papers had been made out. The counsel for Philp have decided to produce the original Morey letter in court this afternoon. The proceedings in the case attracted a large crowd of spectators. The charge upon which Philp is arraigned is the malicious libel of Gen. Garfield, and there was a full array of counsel on both sides.

Assistant District Attorney Bell, for the people, called as the first witness Col. A. F. Rockwell, of the United States army, of Washington. He testified he had known Garfield 27 years, was his classmate and graduated with him at college. In his extensive correspondence with Garfield more than 1,000 letters had passed between them. Witness was therefore perfectly familiar with Garfield's handwriting.

A lithograph was handed the witness and identified by him as a copy of a letter received by him in December from Garfield. Bell asked the counsel for the defense if they had the original Morey letter in the court. In reply they stated that they did not propose to answer that question at the present time. A photograph of the letter in a gilt frame was handed in by the defense. Bell declined to receive this, and again called for the original, in order that he might examine Col. Rockwell in regard to it. The counsel for Philp stated that the original letter was not in the possession of their client, but was held by Hart, publisher of the paper in which it first appeared. The latter was in court, and was called to the witness stand. Hart said he had not the original Morey letter with him. It was in the possession of a friend, but he declined to give his name. Witness could not procure the letter, as his friend was out of town.

Bell demanded the name of the party to whom the letter had been delivered, but Hart again refused to answer. The court ordered him to answer, but he again, in a respectful tone, declined. Judge Davis ordered him committed for contempt of court, and he was handed over to the custody of police, Capt. Walsh.

Howe made a motion to purge Hart from contempt, saying that Hart was willing to produce the letter but that he wanted a guarantee that the letter should be returned to him. Howe explained that he did not mean to say that the court would take the letter, but that it might pass into subordinate hands or be lost.

Continuing, Howe said that if the letter was to remain in the custody of Judge Davis, Hart was willing to produce it. Answering, Judge Davis said that the letter would remain in his custody. On motion, Hart was allowed three hours to go with a constable and procure the letter. Hart made a statement that he was willing to produce the letter, but that he wanted a guarantee that it would be returned to him or else remain in the custody of Judge Davis, which was agreed to.

Hart and his counsel then left to get the letter. Col. Rockwell was recalled. He was asked as to the identity of the letter written by

James A. Garfield to Marshall Jewell denying the authenticity of the Morey letter. He testified that Garfield's letter to Jewell was genuine. A question by Bell: Look at a copy of the newspaper call "Truth" and also at a copy of the 20th; look at a photo-lithographic copy of the letter purporting to be signed by James A. Garfield and state if, in your judgment, it is in Gen. Garfield's hand writing.

Brooks, for the defense, objected to the question, as the comparison was made with the photographic copy and not with the original, which should be produced. Judge Davis ruled that the evidence was premature, as no proof had been given that the facsimile was a photographic copy, and that the prisoner had not, as yet, been connected with it. A recess was then taken till 2:30.

Mr. Hart came into court at seven minutes to three and tendered an apology for being late, saying he had been delayed by an indictment in the state court for libel on complaint of Marcus Cicero Stanley. He then took the stand. Hart produced the letter and it was marked for identification. Bell asked for the envelope, and Hart said he was told to bring the letter only and it would take five hours to get it.

The counsel for Hart has prepared a subpoena, directed to James A. Garfield, commanding him to appear and testify at the investigation this afternoon. The counsel claims that Garfield is at the Windsor hotel, not registered.

OHIO'S OFFICIAL FIGURES.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 27.—The following official paper has just been furnished for publication:

SECRETARY OF STATE'S OFFICE, COLUMBUS, OHIO, Oct. 27.

The following is the vote at the October election in Ohio as shown by the official returns received at this office, to-wit: Secretary of state, Charles Townsend, republican, 362,021; William Long, democrat, 343,016; Chas. A. Lloyd, greenback, 6,786; William H. Down, prohibitionist, 2,815. Townsend's majority over Long, 19,005.

Judge of supreme court—George W. McVaine, republican, 364,045; Martin D. Follett, democrat, 340,998; DeWitt C. Loudon, greenback, 6,859; William F. Rose, (prohibitionist), 2,858. McVaine's majority over Follett, 23,047. The average republican majority on the state ticket was 22,238.

TEXAS SPORT.

GALVESTON, Oct. 27.—A dispatch from Dallas to the News says: W. F. Freeman, a son of a cattle man at Weatherford, was shot and mortally wounded near Arlington Monday by a man named Painter, whose house he had entered and was engaged in pillaging. Freeman was drunk.

A special from Whitney, Texas, says that in a quarrel in a bagnio, Gus Barney was shot in the breast and mortally wounded by Alfred McClown, who fled from his pursuers.

FROM GREENEVILLE.

Grand Republican Rally, Maj. Pettibone Met by a Procession of 1000.

Old Greene Alive and Good for 500 Republican Majority.

Special Dispatch to the Chronicle.

GREENEVILLE, Oct. 28.

The occasion of the joint discussion by Maj. A. H. Pettibone and Hon. R. L. Taylor, candidates for congress, was a grand republican rally. One thousand men in procession met Maj. Pettibone at Bethel Church, and as many more greeted him in front of the court house, where the speaking occurred. All this clearly indicates that old Greene is thoroughly alive and will go republican by at least 500 majority next Tuesday.

Maj. Pettibone made an able speech, which Bob never attempted to reply to. He reviewed the doctrines of democracy for the past twenty years, in scathing terms. He, in an eloquent manner, eulogized the great republican party of the nation, and its grand achievements, notwithstanding the opposition of the democracy. He showed how the democracy had come along and admitted that they were wrong, and that they now were for the same principles the republicans were for, and that Hancock was trying to get right on the tariff. Bob cries not tariff and no "carpet-baggers," but the people of Greene are for the "carpet-bagger."

The rebel Haynes is here, scattering his fraudulent tickets. The rebel Haynes is in Greenville with his corruption cash, ready to bribe. The rebel Haynes and Bob Taylor want offices so bad that they are trying to be the wet nurses of the republican party. The republicans, however, are bound to win in the first district next Tuesday.

ALEXIS.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF COUGHS, pains in the chest, difficulty of breathing, and all other lung diseases which tend to consumption, you will find that ALLEN'S LUNG BALM is a most valuable remedy yet discovered; wherever it has been introduced, cures have been made, which have astonished every one who witness its effects.

For sale by all Medicine Dealers.

THE CHRONICLE will have all the election news. Price, 35 cents for the next two weeks.

THE GREAT "BLOW-OUT"

Attempted and Carried Through to Perfection by the Democracy.

The Barbecue Remarkable for its Demoralization and Disgraceful Scenes.

The Crowd in Attendance Worfully Deficient in Numbers.

And the Procession Pronounced a Failure on All Sides.

It has come and gone, and the community is prepared to turn thanks, especially for the gone part. We refer to the much advertised democratic barbecue and general "blow-out."

That the whole affair was a complete "blow-out" and failure we are compelled candidly to state, and we have no disposition to misrepresent and heap undeserved abuse on our democratic friends.

In the first place the beginning of the day was rainy and threatening, and anything but a cheerful outlook, which was taken by many as another demonstration of the fact that, as has been the case frequently, Providence is against the democracy. This, no doubt, kept many away, but the weather cleared up and it proved to be good weather, just enough rain to do away with dust.

The crowd in attendance was unusually and unexpectedly small, and there was not that thronging of the streets customary on such occasions. At about 10 o'clock the forces were mustered and a procession, of limited dimensions, was organized and marched from Main street out to the barbecue ground, near the northern terminus of the street railway. The procession was in charge of Chief Marshal Sam. H. Davis. It was headed by the Hancock band, followed by the Hancock Rifles, 25 in number, all told, officers and all; the large and attractive revolving globe, gotten up under the supervision of Mr. Jas. D. Cowan; a log cabin, with persimmon tree, pumpkins, and other old-time emblems, drawn by eight mules; something near one hundred mounted men, bearing flags, and the usual accompaniment of small boys following along. That was all and the crowds that gathered in the windows on Gay street to see something appeared sadly disappointed.

Arriving at the ground, a stand had been erected where, after music, the crowd, which was to be numbered by the hundreds, and not thousands—mostly country people—began to look with eager expectations for the orators, Senators Hendricks, of Indiana, and Zeb. Vance, of North Carolina, whom they had been informed were to be present. The realization, however, was brief speeches from Messrs. W. L. Leegerwood and S. G. Heiskell. Perhaps the crowd was satisfied; don't know how that is.

At the barbecue ground, extensive preparations were made in meats, tables, etc., and the cooks, under the supervision of Lewis Rucker, were engaged all morning barbecuing the beef, mutton, fowls, etc., over the hickory fire in the trencher.

About noon the hungry crowds were called up and served their nations of meat and corn or bum bread. There seemed to be a quantity left, but many complaints were heard of persons who failed to get anything to eat. During the feeding operation, some of the most disgraceful scenes imaginable were enacted. The crowd, a great many of whom were toned up with democratic whisky, surged about in an uncontrollable manner, tore down the tables, threw beef and mutton shanks and bum bread at each other and carried on at such a rate as to disgust all decent witnesses of the spectacle. Fights were of very frequent occurrence all around the grounds, every fellow, almost, having supplied himself with a hickory club from the supply for barbecue purposes, and those who came away with bloody heads were numerous, though no serious difficulty resulted.

The air was rent constantly with oaths, blasphemy, hurrahs for Hancock, Jeff. Davis and the southern confederacy.

One man, an employee at the rolling mill, a republican, who was on the ground, had the temerity to declare for Garfield, when he was immediately set upon by what seemed almost a mob, led by a fellow workman, democrat, and if he had not made himself scarce, going at a tall gallop, through the National cemetery, with the mob in pursuit, his life would have been in danger. Another republican received a very bloody head at the hands of a drunken democrat from the country, who was flourishing his club promiscuously. These are only a few of many such instances.

The crowd was soon fed and began to scatter, but many of the decent democrats, as well as republicans, who went to get a glimpse of a barbecue, left early in the action to avoid any further sight of the disgraceful scenes. It was very evident from the appearance of our democratic friends who had the management of affairs, that they were thoroughly disgusted with the entire performance.

THE PROCESSION, which occurred last night, was scarcely more to be regarded by our democratic friends as a source of gratification than the barbecue. The head of the procession moved from Main street up Gay, about 6:30 o'clock, headed by the Hancock band, followed by the twenty-five Hancock Rifles, with their drum corps, the globe and log cabin, etc., footmen and mounted men, making up the body, all carrying torches, transparencies, etc. There were also two wagons with men shooting off fireworks all the time, and Pryor Roberts in a one-horse, two-wheeled vehicle, with two women, brought up the rear.

Chaos and confusion appeared to be the order in the procession, and there was no order observed at all scarcely. If there were any marshals along the line, they were invisible, and did no good, for every fellow marched just as it suited him. As to numbers, we feel entirely safe in fixing it at not over 700 in line, and fully one-third were boys, not voters. There was a very notable absence of representative democrats living in the city in the procession, it being made up almost exclusively of countrymen and boys. One solitary colored man was observed during the first stages of the action. Although the democrats make great pretensions to being the friend of the colored man, the frequent expressions heard from the procession, such as "This is a white man's party," "No African need apply," etc., would indicate differently.

The procession, when fully in line, was perhaps three-quarters of a mile in length, and it required thirteen minutes, by actual observation, to pass a given point.

After completing their line of march and being out about one and a half hours, a portion of the crowd halted in front of the Lamar House, where they heard speeches from Col. C. R. Vance, of Bristol, Col. W. A. Henderson, Messrs. Robt. P. Toole, J. N. Mitchell and others, till the audience dwindled to such small proportions it was no longer desirable to address them. The streets were kept hideous for an hour or so afterwards with the yells and whoops of the "enthused" jollifiers, till the whiskey died in them, then all relaxed into quietness, and strange to say the day passed off without any serious difficulty as far as we could learn.

Thus was brought to a close what the Knoxville democracy have been looking forward to and heralding as a great demonstration, but if it has in any way reflected credit on them, or strengthened their cause, we fail to discover in what particular. In fact we venture the assertion, without fear of contradiction, that not one of their leaders will deny that they are ashamed of the entire performance.

As one good result of all this to do, numerous democrats, whose names could be given if necessary, threw off their badges, dashed away their torches and other tricks, and declared they would vote the democratic ticket no longer.

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D. HARTER'S PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

DR. HARTER'S Iron Tonic is a preparation of Ferrous Iodide of Iron, Potassium Bichromate and the phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatic. Endorsed by the Medical Profession, and recommended by them for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Convalescence from Fevers and Chronic Chills and Fever. It serves every purpose where a Tonic is necessary.

Manufactured by THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., No. 213 North Main Street, St. Louis.

CURES DYSPEPSIA. IRON TONIC.

LEWIS & CARHART, KNOXVILLE, TENN.

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE TRADE.

UNSURPASSED FACILITIES FOR SUPPLYING THE TRADE.

WHOLESALE GROCERIES, FANCY GROCERIES, STAPLE GROCERIES, AT NEW YORK PRICES, Freight Added.

AGENTS FOR HOLSTON Salt and Plaster Co.

LENOIR'S AND ROCKFORD YARNS.

Plenty of Storage Room.

LEWIS & CARHART.

BOYD & CASWELL, (SUCCESSORS TO S. B. BOYD AND WM. CASWELL & CO.)

Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FURNITURE

CHAMBER SUITS, PARLOR SUITS, Chairs, Diningroom Suits, Spring Mattresses

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Curtains.

BLANKETS, SHEETINGS, AND ALL KINDS OF HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

74 and 76 Gay Street. Orders Carefully Filled. Terms Cash.

ALVIN BARTON

Is adding every day to his large Stock of DRY GOODS, Carpets, House Furnishing Goods, &c.

Specialties for this week are BLACK CASHMERES from 50 cents to \$1.55 per yard. BROCADE and PLAIN DRESS GOODS and HOSIERY. RED BLANKETS from \$2.50 to \$20.00 per pair. LADIES', GENTS', and CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.